

سورة الاحقاف

Class 9th

Time: 30 Mints

Gandhi-Jinnah Talks (1944)

گانڈھی۔ جناح مذاکرات ۱۹۴۴

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Previous Knowledge..?

کیا کوئی جانتا ہے کہ گاندھی برصغیر کی
سیاست کے حوالے سے کیا چاہتے
تھے؟

BACK GROUND

Gandhi wrote a letter to Quaid-e-Azam in July 1944.

He wrote “My heart was asking me to write you a letter. I can meet you when you wish. Don’t think me the enemy of Islam or the Muslims. I am not only the friend and servant of you but of the whole world. Don’t disappoint me.”

- i) In the light of C.R Formula, Talks and meetings between Quaid-e-Azam and Gandhi were held in September 1944. Letters were also exchanged between both leaders.**
- ii) Gandhi was meeting Quaid-e-Azam individually and not as a representative of his party.**
- iii) Gandhi refused to accept the two-nation theory.**

1. Proposals made by Gandhi:

- 1. If Muslim League want implementation of Lahore resolution, it may be delayed.**
- 2. They should achieve the freedom from Britain collectively.**
- 3. After freedom, both the parties will settle their issues.**

2. Reply of Quaid-e-Azam:

- 1. Quaid-e-Azam felt that the style adopted by Gandhi is nothing but cheating and cunningness.**
- 2. He emphasized that British Government should settle the issue of Pakistan before the freedom of India.**

Conclusion:

1. These talks ended unsuccessful.
2. This was the first time when Gandhi was brought to negotiate about the partition of India.

Question Session

**Have you any Question relevant
to above topic.....??????????**

Activity / Home Work

WHAT WERE THE REASONS FOR
FAILURE OF GANDHI JINNAH
TALKS?

گاندھی جناح مذاکرات کی ناکامی کی کیا وجوہات تھیں؟

THANK

YOU